



Proud member:





MISSION & VALUES



Become the most reliable supplier of raw materials in LATAM for the F&F industry, Making a positive social impact, guarantiing environmental sustainability and top quality products.

- Trust
- Teamwork
- Long-term loyalty

"4 FAIR PLAY AGREEMENT"





U.N. 2030 AGENDA SDG'S & BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION



"Project Avilan" contributes to all goals set by the United Nations for sustainable development.

Having born in Venezuela, who has been party of every treaty signed by the U.N. "Convention on Biological Diversity", Project Avilan's team is fully aware of its great responsibility in the preservation of biodiversity for future generations and is compliant of the "Nagoya – Kuala Lumpur Supplementary Protocol on Liability and Redress"





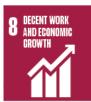
































A TEAM DESIGNED FOR BEST IN CLASS PERFORMANCE



LEADERSHIP TEAM (2022):Caracas,
Amazones, San
Sebastián

Industrial Engineer

J. Rojas

Y. Cobos

Production
Engineer

Agricultural
Agricultural
Engineer, PhD

Relevant Pipeline
COMMERCIAL
TEAM: Follows
up on service
provided. New
insights.
Economic
viability of
operation

Superior Service
LOGISTICS
TEAM: Ensures
shipments
arrive to clients
and logistics
feasibility
analisys on new
ingredients

Sustainability
INNOVATION
TEAM: Executes
feasibility
analysis for
client requests,
focused on
environmental
sustainability

TECHNICAL /
FIELD TEAM:
Provides
support to
producers and
guarantee goals
following our
values

Regulations and Certifications Responsible

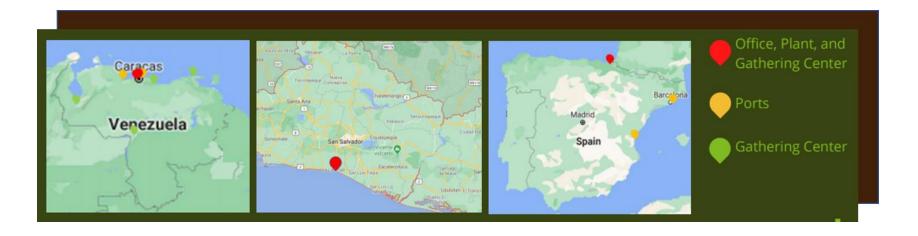
R. Aponte: Ensure the compliance of local and international regulations, and leads certifications processes accross the Project..

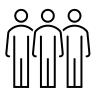
- Ensure long term growth leaving no foot print behind on the planet
- Promote Trust, Team Work, and Loyalty ("4 Fair Play Agreement")
- Provide growth opportunities for producers and collectors
- Optimise supply chains with value adding actors, no intermediaries
- Embrace continuous improvement.
 No-stop innovation in product and processes. Promote open door policy
- Execute with excelence and a detail oriented approach, providing superior products and service
- Have the goal of becoming the most reliable and trusworthy supplier of raw materials from LATAM for the F&F Industry



WE DELIVER SUPERIOR PRODUCTS & SERVICE, THROUGH AN OPTIMIZED SUSTIANABLE SUPPLY CHAIN







Prepared Teams



Follow Up Crops



Harvest Collaboration



1



Process Supervision



Logistic Support



OUR PRODUCT LINE-UP



All of our efforts are intended to delight our clients with the best products and great service. Our pipeline is built always taking into account our clients and potential clients needs; we are always open to new challenges. Our current product offering is the following:

- Tonka Beans
- Tonka Beans Bio
- Cocoa Powder
- Cocoa Butter
- Cocoa Liquor
- Perú Balsam
- Copaiba Balsam
- Tacamajaca
- Quina Bark
- Caraña

Their technical data sheets follow.

Proud member:







TDTB-01

Tonka Beans

Version: 18.02.2022 Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Tonka Beans (Dipteryx odorota will)

Origin: Venezuela

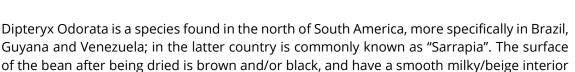
Botanical Family: Fabaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Fruit

Harvest Periods: January to April.

CAS NUMBER: 8046-22-88



Specific Description

Odour: Characteristic

Colour: Black and/or brown exterior. Milky beige and/or brown light brown interior

Appearance: Homogeneous mass at room temperature

Dimensions & size (mm): length 32 - 39, width 12 - 14, thickness 8.5 - 8.7

Sphericity: 0.43 - 0.46

Average weight (gr): 1.507 - 2.570

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 9%

Crude protein: 16%

Crude fat: 14%

Total ash: 4%

Cadmium: <1ppm
Carbohydrates: 66%

Heavy metals:

Lead: <5ppm
Arsenic: <2ppm
Cadmium: <1ppm
Other contents

Density (kg/m3): 626.3 - 636.9 Microbial contents: <10CFU/g (no

pH: 5.3 - 6.8 pathogens)

Main component: coumarin Yeast & molds: <10 CFU/g

Gram Negative Bacteria: 0 CFU/g

Specifications

Tonka beans 100% natural. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Keep sacs closed. Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible solids. Shelf life: 24 months from shipment date, under normal storage conditions

Presentation: 20 & 25kg. yute sacs



 Created: 08.02.2022
 Checked: 17.02.2022
 Released: 18.02.2022

 R. Guzmán PhD
 J. Rojas
 R. Guzmán PhD



TDTBB-01

Tonka Beans

Version: 10.03.2022 Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Tonka Beans Bio (Dipteryx odorota will)

Origin: Venezuela

Botanical Family: Fabaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability by

"Ecological Agriculture" certified communities

Part Harvested: Fruit

Harvest Periods: January to April.

CAS NUMBER: 8046-22-88





Dipteryx Odorata is a species found in the north of South America, more specifically in Brazil, Guyana and Venezuela; in the latter country is commonly known as "Sarrapia". The surface of the bean after being dried is brown and/or black, and have a smooth milky/beige interior

Specific Description

Odour: Characteristic

Colour: Black and/or brown exterior. Milky beige and/or brown light brown interior

Appearance: Homogeneous mass at room temperature

Dimensions & size (mm): length 32 - 39, width 12 - 14, thickness 8.5 - 8.7

Sphericity: 0.43 - 0.46

Average weight (gr): 1.507 - 2.570

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 9%

Crude protein: 16%

Crude fat: 14%

Total ash: 4%

Cadmium: <1ppm
Carbohydrates: 66%

Heavy metals:

Lead: <5ppm

Arsenic: <2ppm

Cadmium: <1ppm
Other contents

Density (kg/m3): 626.3 - 636.9 Microbial contents: <10CFU/g (no

pH: 5.3 - 6.8 pathogens)

Main component: coumarin Yeast & molds: <10 CFU/g

Gram Negative Bacteria: 0 CFU/g

Specifications

Tonka beans 100% natural. Free of additives. 100% traceable.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Keep sacs closed. Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible solids. Shelf life: 24 months from shipment date, under normal storage conditions Presentation: 20 & 25kg. yute sacs

Only to be stored across the whole supply chain with other "Bio" products in facilities prepared for that kind of product operated by people especially trained to prevent cross contamination. TRACES NT procedures and formalities complied from origin to destination.

Created: 08.03.2022	Checked: 10.03.2022	Released: 10.03.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



Cocoa Powder

TDCP-01 Version: 18.02.2022

Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Cocoa Powder (Theobroma cacao L)

Origin: Venezuela

Botanical Family: Malvaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Fruit

Harvest Periods: June to August and November to January.

CAS NUMBER: 84649-99-0

Cocoa powder, is the product that results after the extraction of cocoa butter, which can be natural or treated with alkalis. The cocoa powder can be made from the types of cocoa (Criollo, Forastero, Trinitario).

Specific Description

Odor: Characteristic

Appearance: Homogeneous Color: Brown characteristic Fineness (sieve 75 um): 99.0% Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 3.1% Other contents

Fat: 10.5% Microbial contents: <10CFU/g*
Crude fiber: 3.5% Yeast & molds: <10 CFU/g*

Total ash: 2.2% Coliforms: absent Sedimentation (mL/25g sample): 1.0 Salmonella: absent PH: 7.5 Whole insects: absent

Heavy metals: Rodent or human hairs: absent Cupper: <0.1ppm Insect fragments: absent

Iron: <0.1ppm Larvae: absent Lead: <0.1ppm *Estimated

Arsenic: <0.1ppm

Specifications

Product obtained from cocoa nib, from cocoa beans cleaned and freed from shells as thoroughly as is technically possible with roasting. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Keep in original packaging closed.

Shelf life: 18-24 months from shipment date, under normal storage conditions

Protect from sunlight and high temperature

Presentation: Bags



Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: 17.02.2022	Released: 18.02.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



Cocoa Butter

TDCB-01

Version: 18.02.2022

Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Cocoa Butter (*Theobroma cacao L*)

Origin: Venezuela

Botanical Family: Malvaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Fruit

Harvest Periods: June to August and November to January.

CAS NUMBER: 8002-31-1



Cocoa Butter is the most valuable material and one of the most expensive fats. Is an essential ingredient used for chocolate production and responsible for desirable melting profiles, glossiness and desirable β -polymorphic form of typical chocolate products? The Cocoa Butter obtained from *Theobroma cocoa* L. (Criollo, Forastero, Trinitario) is predominantly used for chocolate manufacturing. has unique in fatty acids, such as, stearic (36.5%), oleic (33.5%), palmitic (25.8%) and linoleic (2.4%) acids and triacylglycerols (TAG) such as, 1-palmitoyl-2-oleoyl-3-stereoyl-glycerol (POS: 40.2%), 1,3- distearoyl-2-oleoyl-glycerol (SOS: 25.7%) and 1-palmitoyl-2-oleoyl-3- palmitoyl-glycerol (POP: 17.6%). The Cocoa Butter is primarily solid at a low temperature.

Specific Description

Odor: Characteristic, bland to very slightly cocoa. Appearance: Solid yellow block at room temperature.

Color: White to light yellow fat when solid, light yellow oil when fluid.

Solubility: Insoluble in water Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 0.1%

Refractive index @ 40°C: 1.455

Melting Point: 32°C

Free fatty acid value (as oleic): 0.85%

Cadmium: <0.1ppm

Lead: <0.1ppm

Arsenic: <0.1ppm

Other contents

Peroxide Index: 1.9 mEqO2/Kg Aerobic plate count: <100CFU/g*

Iodine Value: 35 Wijs

Saponification Value: 190 mgKOH/g

Unsaponifiable matter: 0.2

Heavy metals:

Mold: <10 CFU/g*

Yeast: <10 CFU/g*

Coliforms: absent

Salmonella: absent

Cupper: <0.1ppm *Estimated

Specifications

Cocoa Butter 100% natural. No filtering processes. No deodorizing. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Keep in original packaging closed.

Shelf life: 18-24 months from shipment date, under normal storage conditions

Protect from sunlight and high temperature

Presentation: 20kg. bricks on plastic cover and in carboard box.

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: 17.02.2022	Released: 18.02.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



Paste / Liquor of Cocoa

TDCL-01 Version: 19.02.2022

Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Cocoa Paste / Liquor (Theobroma cacao L)

Origin: Venezuela

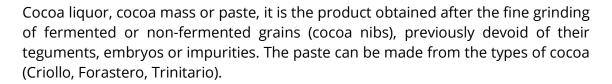
Botanical Family: Malvaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Fruit

Harvest Periods: June to August and November to January.

CAS NUMBER: 84649-99-0



Specific Description

Odor: Cocoa, chocolate (characteristic)

Appearance: Solid brown block

Color: Brown

Solubility: Insoluble in water Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture: 2.12% Arsenic: <0.1ppm Fat: 53.30% Other contents

pH 5.47 Aerobic plate count: <100CFU/g*

Starch from cocoa <1.00% Mold: <10 CFU/g*
Total ash 3.17% Yeast: <10 CFU/g*
Crude fiber 1.20% Coliforms: absent
Fineness (sieve 75 um) 98.10% Salmonella: absent

Heavy metals: Whole and insect fragments: absent

Cupper: <0.1ppm Larvae: absent

Cadmium: <0.1ppm Rodent or human hair: absent

Lead: <0.1ppm *Estimated

Specifications

Product obtained from cocoa nib, from cocoa beans cleaned and freed from shells as thoroughly as is technically possible with roasting. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Keep in original packaging closed.

Shelf life: 18-24 months from shipment date, under normal storage conditions

Protect from sunlight and high temperature

Presentation: 20kg. bricks on plastic cover and in carboard box.

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: 18.02.2022"	Released: 19.02.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD





Peru Balsam

TDPB-01 Version: 18.02.2022

Page 1-1

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Peru Balsam (Myroxylon Pereirae Klotzsch)



Origin: El Salvador

Botanical Family: Fabaceae

Method of Culture: Wildcrafted controlled for sustainability. 100% traceable.

Part Harvested: Resinoid

Harvest Periods: November to April.

CAS NUMBER: 8007-00-9

Myroxylon Pereirae Klotzsch is a species found in "La cordillera del bálsamo" at El Salvador. The gum or balsam is extracted by local "balsameros" from trees between 15 to 50 years old approximately. From 2kg of gum 1kg of resinoid is obtained

Specific Description

Odour: Rich, sweet and ambery Appearance: Viscous liquid

Colour: Dark brown

Solubility in water: Insoluble Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Density (g/ml): 1.140 - 1.180

Flashpoint (°C): 110.00

Specifications

Balsam 100% natural. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in cool and ventilated place. Shelf life: 24 months from shipment date, under

normal storage conditions

Presentation: 500 lb (226.8 kg) drums



TDCO - 01

Copaiba Balsam

Version: 19.02.2022 Page 1-1



TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

COPAIBA BALSAM (Copaiba L)

Origin: Venezuela

Botanical Family: Fabaceae-Caesalpinioideae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Balsam obtained from drilling the trunk of the copaibo tree in a sustainable way. After collection the wound is closed using natural oleoresins to

prevent infections and further damages to the plant

Harvest Periods: January to June.

CAS NUMBER: 8001-61-4

Copaifera, known as "copaibeira" and "pau d'oleo", is native to the tropical regions of South America and grows abundantly in Bolívar state of Venezuela. Display a wide range of pharmacological properties, including significant antiinflammatory, analgesic, antileishmanial, antimutagenic, and gastroprotective action.

Specific Description

Odour: Slightly woody Appearance: Liquid

Colour: 6.14 Yellow color trend Solubility in water: Insoluble Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 0.05%

Refractive index nD20: 1.3764-1.4950

Melting Point (°C): <10

ACID VALUE (mgKOH/g) IN HOT: 60.95 ACID VALUE (mgKOH/g) IN COLD: 30.10

IODINE VALUE (WIJS): 50-80 I.P.O meq-gO2/Kg: 1.99 VISCOSITY (cP): 164

Specifications

Balsam 100% natural. No filtering process. No deodorizing. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in a cool, dry location, below 30°C, in a sealed container in a well-ventilated area. Do not store near heat, sparks, or flame. Never use pressure to empty. Do not puncture, drag or slide containers

Presentation: Drums

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: 18.02.2022	Released: 19.02.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD





Tacamajaca Oleoresin

TDTJ-01

Version: 08.02.2022

Page 1-1

Novelty 2022

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

TACAMAJACA OLEORESIN (Protium sp)



Origin: VENEZUELA

Botanical Family: Burseraceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: White exudate obtained by making an incision in the trunk of the

tree, in a sustainable way

Harvest Periods: January to June

CAS NUMBER: ---

The oleoresin of the Protium species is rich in mono and triterpenes, responsible for its use in folk medicine. These oils have many biological properties, including antifungal, bactericidal, leishmanicidal, trypanocidal, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, and antioxidant activities. It can be found in ravines and morichales in the north and south of Bolívar State, Venezuela.

Specific Description

Odour: Mentholated

Appearance: Viscous when extracted/crystallized mass (on contact with air)

Colour: White/yellow/ light yellow to light brown

Solubility in water: Insoluble Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 1.00%

Refractive index nD20: No data available Melting Point (°C): No data available Acid value (mgKOH/g) No data available Acid value (mgKOH/g) No data available lodine value (WIJS): No data available

Most representative essential compounds

Alpha-Terpineol (36.74), Methyl Eugénol (0.01), Germacrene-D (8.44), Delta-Cadinene (0.63)

Handling and storage

Store in a cool, dry location, below 30°C, in a sealed container in a well-ventilated area. Do not store near heat, sparks, or flame. Never use pressure to empty. Do not puncture, drag or slide containers. Oleoresin 100% natural. No filtering process. No deodorizing. Free of additives. Presentation: Drums

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: WIP	Released:
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



TDQB-01

Cinchona Bark

Version: 18.02.2022 Page 1-1



TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

CINCHONA BARK (Cinchona sp)

Origin: Venezuela

Botanical Family: Rubiaceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability. Part Harvested: Bark of trees from the *Cinchona* genus

Harvest Periods: Annual. CAS NUMBER: 84776-28-3



The barks of Cinchona contain an array of about 35 different alkaloids, which are thought to be produced as defense compounds against diseases and herbivores. The molecular interaction between quinine and other active bark alkaloids with the parasite that causes malaria, Plasmodium, is through modification of haem-compounds that are byproducts of the Plasmodium feeding on the iron-rich human red blood cells. It can be found in the north and south of Bolívar State, Venezuela

Specific Description

Odor: Slightly woody Appearance: Solid

Color: 11-14 Ambar red brown. 14-17 light brown

Solubility in water: Insoluble Foreign matter: Absent

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 2.00% Refractive index nD20: Melting Point (°C):

pH: 9.0 (0.5g/l, H2O, 20°C)

DENSITY A 20°C (g/ml): 0.955-0.983

Other: About 35 different alkaloids: quinine, quinidine, cinchonine and cinchonidine

Specifications

Tree bark 100% natural. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in a cool, dry location, below 30°C, in a sealed container in a well-ventilated area. Do not store near heat, sparks, or flame. Never use pressure to empty. Do not puncture, drag or slide containers

Presentation: Sacks or other client preference

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: 17.02.2022	Released: 18.02.2022
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



TDCA-01

Caraña Oleoresin

Version: 08.02.2022 Page 1-1



TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

CARAÑA OLEORESIN (Bursera sp)



Botanical Family: Burseraceae

Method of Culture: Harvested controlled for sustainability.

Part Harvested: Tree exudate Harvest Periods: Annual.

CAS NUMBER: -



Bursera species are commonly known as "copal trees". Because of their pleasant smell, the oleoresin and aerial parts of these plants are mainly used as folk medicines and especially as calming agents. The resin has a promising role in biological and pharmacological applications. due to the presence of terpenes and lignanes with anti-inflammatory, analgesic, antimicrobial, antitumor, and allelopathic activities.

Specific Description

Odor: Slightly Mentholated

Appearance: Oleoresin / highly viscous

Color: 13 ambar, red, brown Solubility in water: Insoluble Foreign matter: Absent.

Physical, chemical and microbiological properties

Moisture máx: 0.50%

Refractive index nD20: not determined Melting Point (°C): not determined

Flash point (°C): 53

pH: 5.4-5.6

Density at 20°C (g/ml): 0.857 - 0.873 Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Most representative essential compounds

Alpha-Pinene (16.5), Alpha-Phellandrene (6.0), 3-Para-Menthene (4.3), Para-Cymene (2.72), Alpha-Phellandrene (6.0), Beta-Selinene (4.2), Furanodiene (49.0)

Specifications

Oleoresin 100% natural. Free of additives.

Handling and storage

Store in a cool, dry location, below 30°C, in a sealed container in a well-ventilated area. Do not store near heat, sparks, or flame. Never use pressure to empty. Do not puncture, drag or slide containers

Presentation: Drums

Created: 08.02.2022	Checked: WIP	Released:
R. Guzmán PhD	J. Rojas	R. Guzmán PhD



CONTACT US:

info@avilan.es +34 615 560 265 +58 414 929 8035

Proud member:



